

# ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE JAIPUR

**Nevta - Mahapura Road, Jaipur - 302029, Rajasthan, India**

*Affiliated to the University of Rajasthan*

*Approved under Section 2(f) & 12(B) of the UGC Act, 1956*



## **COURSE OUTCOMES**

**B.A. (Hons.) Political Science**

**Department of Political Science**

## Course Outcomes (COs)

### B.A. (Hons.) Political Science Part-I

#### P I: Foundations of Political Science

The learners will be able to:

CO 1.	Evaluate and identify the approaches to the study of Political Science - Traditional, Contemporary (Behavioural, Post Behavioural, Interdisciplinary)
CO 2.	Characterising the empirical theories of functioning of government (System theory, Structural-Functional Approach)
CO 3.	Describe the Concept of Rule of Law and Constitutionalism
CO 4.	Analyse the working of organs of the government (Legislature, Executive, Judiciary)
CO 5.	Examine the concepts of Liberty, Equality, and Justice and the interrelation between them
CO 6.	Assess the concepts of Power, Authority and Legitimacy
CO 7.	Evaluate the concepts of Nation and Nationalism

#### P II: Representative Indian Political Thinkers

The learners will be able to:

CO 1.	Describe the evolution of Indian political thought from ancient India to modern India
CO 2.	Enumerate the ideas of Manu, Kautilya and Shukra (Saptang Theory, Kingship, Council of Ministers, Territorial, Financial and Judicial Administration, Inter-state relations)
CO 3.	Evaluate the nationalist thought of Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Gokhale, Tilak, Dayanand Saraswati and Vivekananda
CO 4.	Discuss the nationalism of Gandhi and Vinoba Bhave, as well as Gandhi's social, economic, and political ideas, including his views on Satya, Ahimsa, Satyagraha, and education
CO 5.	Appraise and outline the ideas of J L Nehru, his views on democracy, socialism, nationalism and internationalism
CO 6.	Discuss movements against caste and untouchability, Ambedkar's views on social justice and the depressed classes, and his political ideas
CO 7.	Elaborate the ideas of M N Roy, his views on democracy, planned economy and radical humanism
CO 8.	Assess the ideas of Jai Prakash Narayan and Deen Dayal Upadhyay

## Course Outcomes (COs)

### B.A. (Hons.) Political Science Part-I

#### P III: Political Ideologies

The learners will be able to:

CO 1.	Define and discuss the meaning, nature and scope of Political Ideologies
CO 2.	Define Liberalism, Classical and Modern aspects of Liberalism
CO 3.	Enumerate the meaning, features, growth, extreme and modern versions of Idealism
CO 4.	Examine Socialism and its Varieties: Syndicalism, Guild Socialism, Democratic Socialism, and Anarchism
CO 5.	Analyse the meaning, features, evolution and criticism of Fascism
CO 6.	Explore and assess Gandhism, including Gandhi's political, economic, and social views, and his influence on modern India
CO 7.	Discuss and clarify the views of MN Roy on Radical Humanism
CO 8.	Assess the meaning, scope and features of ideologies of Utilitarianism, Environmentalism and Feminism

#### P IV: Selected Political System

The learners will be able to:

CO 1.	Compare the diverse political systems: Liberal-democratic, Authoritarian, and Socialist
CO 2.	Discuss the Constitution of the UK and its salient features; The Executive – The Crown, Prime Minister and Cabinet; The Legislature - House of Lords, House Commons, Speaker and Committees; and Party System in the UK
CO 3.	Analyse the US Constitution and its salient features; the Executive: President; Legislature: Senate House of Representative; Speaker; Judiciary: the composition and role of the Supreme Court; Bill of Rights; and its Party System
CO 4.	Compare the institutions of the UK and USA: Legislature, Executive and Party Systems
CO 5.	Examine the Chinese Constitution and its salient features in the light of the general principles, the Executive Legislature, Judiciary, and the role of the Communist Party
CO 6.	Analyse the constitution of Switzerland and its salient features - The Plural Executive, Legislature, Judiciary, and the working of direct democracy in Switzerland
CO 7.	Assess the Japanese constitution and its salient features - The Emperor, Legislature, Executive and Judiciary

## Course Outcomes (COs)

### B.A. (Hons.) Political Science Part-II

#### P-V: Indian Freedom Movement and Constitutional Development

The learners will be able to:

<b>CO 1.</b>	Explore the rise of the Indian National Congress, the emergence of moderates and extremists within Congress and their characteristic features
<b>CO 2.</b>	Describe the rise and growth of communal politics in India, Wahabi Movement, Fundamentalist Muslims, demand for communal representation, communal movement of Muslim League
<b>CO 3.</b>	Discuss the Salient features and the working of the Government of India Acts of 1909, 1919 and 1935
<b>CO 4.</b>	Analyse Lucknow pact, its features and effects
<b>CO 5.</b>	Analyse and evaluate the 1920 session of Congress, the Non-cooperation movement, its contribution to the national struggle, the rise of the Swaraj party, its principles and programme
<b>CO 6.</b>	Assess the formation, working and report of the Simon Commission, explain the recommendations of the Nehru report, Gandhi- Irwin Pact and Poona Pact
<b>CO 7.</b>	Appraise the working and recommendations of Round Table Conferences
<b>CO 8.</b>	Evaluate the Cripps Mission, Quit India movement, Cabinet Mission, Wavell Plan, Mountbatten Plan and India Independence Act of 1947

## Course Outcomes (COs)

### B.A. (Hons.) Political Science Part-II

#### P-VI: Indian Political Institutions and Processes

The learners will be able to:

<b>CO 1.</b>	Analyse the process of framing the Indian constitution, trends and approaches in the constituent assembly
<b>CO 2.</b>	Assess the scope of the Preamble, the nature of the federal system of India and the unitary features of the Indian constitution
<b>CO 3.</b>	State and compare the types, scope and limitations of Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy
<b>CO 4.</b>	Explore the Legislature, Executive and Judicial structure of India with reference to the recent trends and analyse the amendment process of the Indian constitution
<b>CO 5.</b>	Describe and evaluate the union-state relationship and the working of constitutional and statutory commissions- ECI, UPSC, NHRC
<b>CO 6.</b>	Assess the working of the Indian parliamentary system, secularism and the role of political parties
<b>CO 7.</b>	Analyse the governance of states and the working of local governments, Panchayati Raj and Municipalities with reference to the 73rd and 74th Amendment Act
<b>CO 8.</b>	Discuss the major obstacles in the path of National Integration such as Regionalism, Communalism etc.

## Course Outcomes (COs)

### B.A. (Hons.) Political Science Part-II

#### P-VIII: International Politics and Foreign Policy of India

The learners will be able to:

<b>CO 1.</b>	Evaluate Idealist theory, Realist theory, Neorealist and Marxist Approach
<b>CO 2.</b>	Analyse and discuss the major developments in international politics since 1945 and the origin of the Cold War and its phases
<b>CO 3.</b>	Explore Indian Foreign Policy and its basic tenets, Indian relations with the major powers (USA, China, Russia), and its neighbours (Pakistan, Bangladesh and others). Evaluate the position of India in the contemporary multipolar world
<b>CO 4.</b>	Analyse the emergence, composition and functions of the United Nations and its organs, namely the General Assembly, Security Council, Economic and Social Council, Trusteeship Council, International Court of Justice and the Secretariat
<b>CO 5.</b>	Determine the reasons behind the demand for a New International Economic Order and its features
<b>CO 6.</b>	Grade the position of Asia and Africa in world politics with particular reference to problems in West Asia
<b>CO 7.</b>	Formulate the efforts made for regional cooperation between SAARC, ASEAN, BRICS and IBSA
<b>CO 8.</b>	Outline the contemporary global issues such as human rights, environmental issues, terrorism, nuclear proliferation and gender justice

## Course Outcomes (COs)

### B.A. (Hons.) Political Science Part-II

#### P-VIII(A): Elements of Public Administration

The learners will be able to:

<b>CO 1.</b>	Determine and analyse the meaning, nature and scope of Public Administration and the relevance of Public Administration in a democratic and welfare state
<b>CO 2.</b>	Analyse old and new Organization Theory and Principles of Organization
<b>CO 3.</b>	Discuss Line Staff Relationship and Principles of Delegation, Co-ordination, Supervision, Decision making and Communication
<b>CO 4.</b>	Enumerate accountable administration and concepts of RTI, Lokpal and Lokayukta
<b>CO 5.</b>	Analyse the concepts of e-Governance and Good Governance
<b>CO 6.</b>	Evaluate instruments of control of Legislative, Judicial and Popular nature on Public Administration, limits and role of these controls
<b>CO 7.</b>	Assess Personnel Administration, recruitment, training, and discipline
<b>CO 8.</b>	Discuss formulation and execution of the Budget

## Course Outcomes (COs)

### B.A. (Hons.) Political Science Part-II

#### P-VIII (B): Indian Administration

The learners will be able to:

<b>CO 1.</b>	Enumerate the evolution of Administration in India and the British Legacies, the constitutional and political system in India and its administrative implication
<b>CO 2.</b>	Analyse the organisation and working of Union Ministries of Home, Finance and Foreign Affairs
<b>CO 3.</b>	Compare the state administration and the role of chief secretary and police in the states
<b>CO 4.</b>	Define district administration and the role of Collector, Judicial administration at district and sub-district levels
<b>CO 5.</b>	Assess the changing patterns of Panchayati Raj and district administration in the states
<b>CO 6.</b>	Discuss financial administration in India
<b>CO 7.</b>	Determine the role of the Estimate Committee and Comptroller and Auditor General in India in budgeting and auditing
<b>CO 8.</b>	Elaborate and analyse the role of bureaucracy in economic administration and the administration of public enterprises, the minister and civil service relationship



## Course Outcomes (COs)

### B.A. (Hons.) Political Science Part-III

#### P-IX: History of Western Political Thought

The learners will be able to:

<b>CO 1.</b>	Outline the dominant features of ancient Western political thought, ancient Greek political thought with a focus on Sophists, Socrates, Aristotle and Plato; the Roman political thought: its contributions with particular emphasis on the emergence of Roman law
<b>CO 2.</b>	Examine the features of medieval political thought with particular reference to the contributions of Aquinas, Marsilio of Padua and the Conciliar movement
<b>CO 3.</b>	Critically examine Bodin's contributions to the theory of Sovereignty
<b>CO 4.</b>	Evaluate Hobbes as the founder of the science of materialist politics; Locke as the founder of Liberalism with a focus on his views on natural rights, property and consent; and Rousseau's views on Freedom and Democracy
<b>CO 5.</b>	Explore Bentham's Utilitarianism and John Stuart Mill's views on liberty and representative government
<b>CO 6.</b>	Discuss Hegel's views on Civil Society and the State, the Scientific socialism of Karl Marx and its basic characteristics
<b>CO 7.</b>	Critique the Renaissance and the political thought of Machiavelli
<b>CO 8.</b>	Evaluate the ideas of H. J. Laski in reference to his Pluralist views

## Course Outcomes (COs)

### B.A. (Hons.) Political Science Part-III

#### P-X: Modern Political Analysis

The learners will be able to:

<b>CO 1.</b>	Outline the evolution of the contemporary perspective of political analysis and theory-building
<b>CO 2.</b>	Evaluate Political Science and the context of its social relevance
<b>CO 3.</b>	Discuss Political Theory and its decline
<b>CO 4.</b>	Analyse Group Theory, Distribution Approach (Laswell), Communication Theory, Decision-Making theory and Elite theory
<b>CO 5.</b>	Examine Political processes and change
<b>CO 6.</b>	Assess the process of Political Socialization
<b>CO 7.</b>	Determine the Political culture and its variants
<b>CO 8.</b>	Explore the Concepts of Political Modernisation and Political Development

## Course Outcomes (COs)

### B.A. (Hons.) Political Science Part-III

#### P XI(A): International Law

The learners will be able to:

<b>CO 1.</b>	Explore the meaning, nature and kinds, sources and codification of International Law
<b>CO 2.</b>	Analyse the evolution of International Law, Recognition, Belligerency and Insurgency
<b>CO 3.</b>	Discuss Rights of the State, Succession, Problems of Nationality and Citizenship
<b>CO 4.</b>	Appraise International transactions, Diplomatic immunities- acquisition and loss of territory, maritime belt, continental shelf, law of sea and seabed
<b>CO 5.</b>	Explore International disputes, the Role of UNO, the International Court of Justice and other specialised agencies
<b>CO 6.</b>	Assess the Law of war, declaration and renunciation of war, Belligerents, combatants and non-combatants, Prize courts and laws of warfare
<b>CO 7.</b>	Discuss Time Armistice and Capitulations
<b>CO 8.</b>	Evaluate war crimes and genocide, laws of neutrality, rights and duties of neutrals, blockade, unneutral service, punishment for unneutral services and some leading cases

## Course Outcomes (COs)

### B.A. (Hons.) Political Science Part-III

#### P XI(B): Global Politics

The learners will be able to:

<b>CO 1.</b>	Outline the concepts and perspectives of globalisation, political, cultural and technological dimensions of globalisation
<b>CO 2.</b>	Analyse the effect of globalisation on the state system and its sovereignty
<b>CO 3.</b>	Explore the global economy, the role of global economic institutions: Brettonwoods institutions, World Trade Organization, and transnational and multinational corporations
<b>CO 4.</b>	Discuss the contemporary global problems such as Global inequalities, violence, conflict, war, terrorism, war on terror
<b>CO 5.</b>	Evaluate the issues of global poverty, development and human security
<b>CO 6.</b>	Assess global ecological issues such as environmental agreements, climate change and sustainable development
<b>CO 7.</b>	Determine the proliferation of nuclear weapons and weapons of mass destruction
<b>CO 8.</b>	Prescribe the concept of Global civil society

## Course Outcomes (COs)

### B.A. (Hons.) Political Science Part-III

#### P XII: Research Methodology

The learners will be able to:

<b>CO 1.</b>	Outline the scientific method
<b>CO 2.</b>	Explore the use of the scientific method in social sciences
<b>CO 3.</b>	Evaluate research and its uses
<b>CO 4.</b>	Assess Survey as a tool of data collection
<b>CO 5.</b>	Analyse Research Design and its basic steps
<b>CO 6.</b>	Determine the methods of data collection such as Sampling, Questionnaires and Interviews
<b>CO 7.</b>	Explore Pre-test and Pilot studies
<b>CO 8.</b>	Assess the methods of data processing such as Coding, Tabulation and Report writing